





SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT: MODERN THEORIES AND BEST PRACTICES







Teadmus OÜ

Sustainable Development: Modern Theories and Best Practices

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OKSANA ZAKHAROVA

ИРИНА БЕРЕЗЮК-РЫБАК

РАЗВИТИЕ КРЕАТИВНОГО СЕКТОРА ЭКОНОМИКИ В УКРАИНЕ

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THE CURRENT STATE OF THE LABOR MARKET IN UKRAINE: PROBLEMS AND DIRECTIONS FOR THEIR SOLUTION

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The Ukrainian economy is in a deep crisis. This state of affairs is due to many reasons. First, these are unsuccessful long-term power decisions and corruption. Secondly, this is the annexation and occupation for eight years of part of the country's territory and the forced internal displacement of the population because of this. Thirdly, this is the annual reduction in the number of the country's inhabitants due to the negative natural movement of the population and the high level of labor migration of Ukrainians. Fourth, these are the consequences of the pandemic due to the growing incidence of COVID-19. Fifth, this is a full-scale military attack by the Russian Federation. It is impossible to overcome the manifestations of this very complex crisis situation that has developed today in the socio-economic sphere by any one managerial decision. Even if this decision is the most ingenious. We need a comprehensive approach that will allow step by step to change the situation for the better in all spheres of the country's life without exception. This approach should allow you to quickly get the first visible results. At the same time, the probability of returning Ukrainians from abroad in the post-war period will depend on the time that will need to be spent on restoring the Ukrainian economy and creating favorable conditions for the life and work of the population. This is important, since at the moment a large number of Ukrainian women and children have temporarily left for the territories of other countries of the world in search of safety due to the start of Russian military aggression. If this is not achieved, there is a fairly high probability that forced Ukrainian migrants will not only not return, but their flows will even increase (Zakharova, 2019).

All of these problems, which have recently become aggravated in the country's economy, have had a negative impact on the state of development of the labor market in Ukraine. There is now a noticeable slowdown in all transactions. This happened as a result of the shutdown of a certain number of large industrial enterprises, the death and

displacement of the population across the country and abroad, the relocation of enterprises where production technology allows it. Even if there is a need for specialists, enterprises do not use the services of recruitment agencies due to lack of financial opportunities. Enterprises search for candidates among the local population and temporarily displaced persons. This way out of a difficult situation has several negative consequences. First, there is a depreciation and release of highly professional HR specialists due to the inability to pay for their services by enterprises. Secondly, it is quite difficult to give a 100% guarantee of the quality of the personnel recruited by the enterprise. That is why this will have a negative impact on the further financial and economic results of enterprises. The way out of the situation should be the maximum involvement of the personnel reserve and the formation of polyvalent competencies among the staff. This will allow for the period of the crisis to keep the team and carry out the planned production volumes. Provided that the situation on the labor market improves or the profitability of the enterprise's activities increases, management will be able to return to the previous patterns of search and recruitment of personnel.

Due to the departure of Ukrainian specialists abroad or moving to safer regions of the country, for most of them there was an acute problem with employment and the lack of jobs in their profession at the place of residence. The longer the war continues, the more this problem will escalate and gain destructive proportions. Therefore, already today at the state level, real opportunities should be created for training specialists for professions in demand. In the near future, it will be possible to include professions within such areas of activity as agriculture, construction, education and the IT sector as part of such professions. We also expect a high demand for the profession of psychologists, since the psychological state of the majority of the population of Ukraine needs medical correction due to a long stay in danger and a real military threat. The presence of a person with basic knowledge and experience will reduce the time for training in-demand specialists. That is why even today, when the country is still at war, it is necessary to develop programs for retraining the population in those professions that will be useful in the post-war period. This will significantly reduce unemployment and improve the level and quality of life of the population.

Zakharova O.V. Umovy povernennja trudovykh mighrantiv v Ukrajinu. Zb. nauk. pracj Cherkasjkogho derzhavnogho tekhnologhichnogho universytetu. Serija: Ekonomichni nauky. Cherkasy. (2019). 55, 15-23.

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